

Astrophysique de Laboratoire et Spectropolarimétrie nIR

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Laboratoire Univers et Particules de Montpellier

Astrolabo 2016

Lyon – 15 novembre 2016

Outline

- 1 Spectropolarimètres proche infrarouge
- 2 Objectifs Scientifiques
- 3 Besoins Astrolabo pour la Spectropolarimétrie nIR

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2 Objectifs Scientifiques

3 Besoins Astrolabo pour la Spectropolarimétrie nIR

Spectropolarimètres proche infrarouge (2018)

■ CFHT/SPIRou + TBL/SPIP

- Spectro échelle stabilisé + module polarimétrique
- Proche IR : $0.98\text{--}2.35\ \mu\text{m}$ (YJHK)
- $R \simeq 8 \cdot 10^4$; Précision RV $\sim 1\ \text{m/s}$
 - cryogénique $T \sim 80 \pm 2 \cdot 10^{-3}\ \text{K}$
- Polarimétrie linéaire + circulaire achromatique
 - 2 états orthogonaux mesurés simultanément

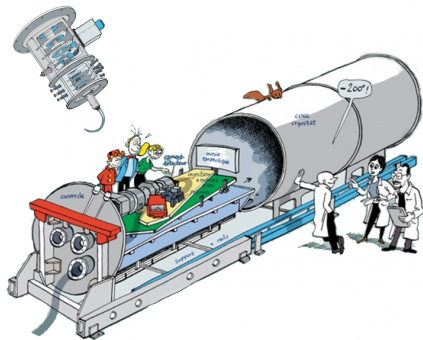
→ Héritage ESPaDOnS + HARPS

↳ transposé nIR

→ Optimisé objets froids

■ VLT/CRIRES+

- MàJ CRIRES :
Disp croisée/détecteurs/polar



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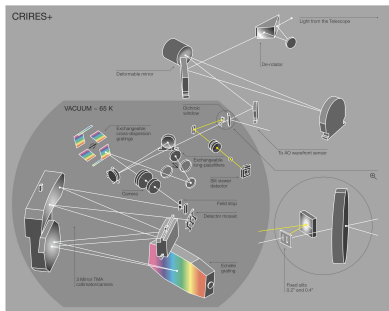
➔ Héritage ESPaDOnS + HARPS

➔ transposé nIR

➔ Optimisé objets froids

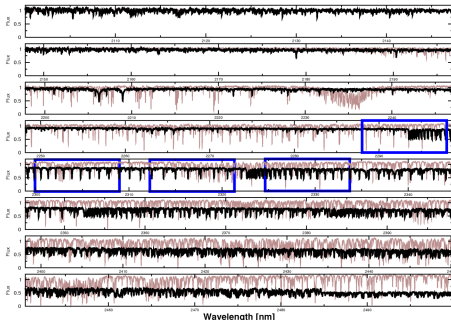
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1 Spectropolarimètres proche infrarouge

2 Objectifs Scientifiques

- Projets scientifique SPIRou
- Méthodes

3 Besoins Astrolabo pour la Spectropolarimétrie nIR

SPIRou @ CFHT

observing red dwarfs in the nIR



☀️ focussing on nearby M dwarfs

80% of stars in the galaxy & in the solar neighborhood
habitable exoEarths much easier to detect

☀️ nIR velocimetry & spectropolarimetry of ~600 M dwarfs

detect & characterize ~300 exoEarths, ~50 of which in HZ

- ❖ estimate occurrence frequency of habitable planets in solar neighborhood
- model activity & activity jitter using **spectropolarimetry**
- ❖ improve detection threshold & characterization of habitability

☀️ follow-up of ~150 TESS transiting planet candidates

establish planetary nature of candidates & estimate average planet density,

- ❖ search for **biomarkers** in atmospheres of nearest HZ exoEarths w/ JWST

☀️ magnetic fields of M dwarfs & planets

dynamo processes / bistability in fully-convective bodies

impact of stellar / planetary magnetic fields on planet habitability

SPIRou @ CFHT

investigating star & planet formation



☀️ focussing on class-I, -II (cTTSs) & -III (wTTSs) protostars

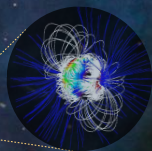
magnetic field of star & disc modifies accretion & outflows
impacts internal structure & rotation of stars
impacts formation, migration & survival of planets

☀️ nIR spectropolarimetry of ~270 protostars in ~5 SFRs

model magnetic topologies of ~40 class-I (embedded) protostars, ~80 cTTSs & ~150 wTTSs in ~5 nearby SFRs (e.g., TW Hya, Tau/Aur, ρ Oph, ONC, Lupus)
❖ origin & evolution of field, impact on star & planet formation

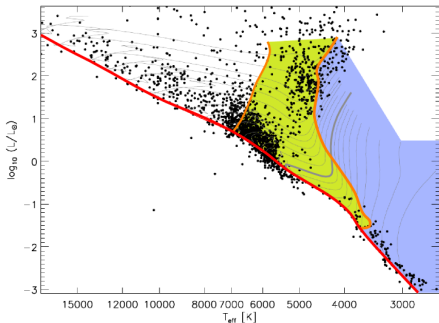
☀️ velocimetry of wTTSs

model activity & activity jitter of wTTSs w/ & search for hot Jupiters
❖ formation / migration / survival of giant planets



Objectifs Scientifiques Complémentaires

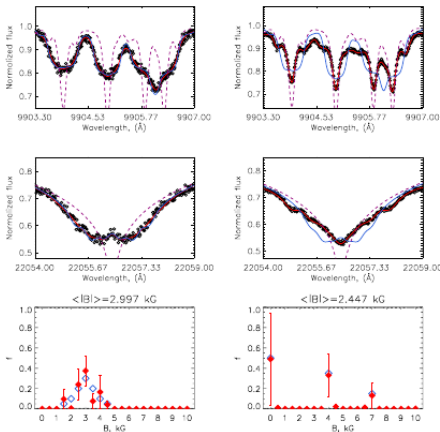
- Optimisés pour objets froids
 - Naines M, T Tauri
 - Naines brunes
 - Taches étoiles F-G-K
 - Étoiles évoluées RGB/AGB/RSG
 - Étoiles interm./massive jeunes
 - Système solaire



Adapted from *Reiners (2008)*

Magnetic field measurements

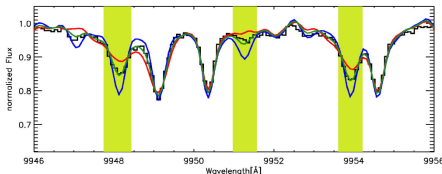
- Measurements from atomic lines
- Molecular bands sensitive to Zeeman effect (or PB regime)
 - FeH, TiO, (CrH)
- Present applications
 - FeH Stokes I
 - Detection on other molec
- Aims for SPIRou
 - Extend to other molecules/bands
 - Stokes V (LSD)



AD Leo, B_f measurement
Shulyak et al. (2014)

Magnetic field measurements

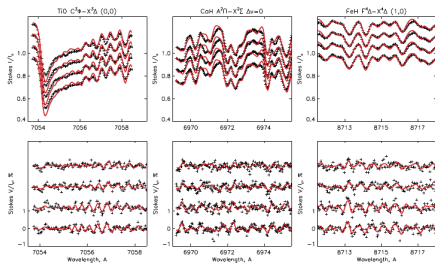
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*GJ 729, FeH Wing-Ford band
Reiners & Basri (2006)*

Magnetic field measurements

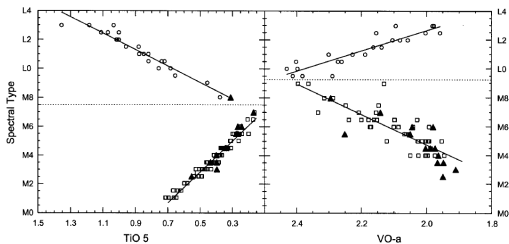
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AU Mic Berdyugina (2011)

...and much more

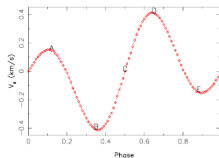
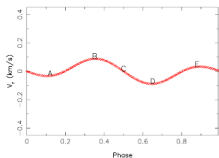
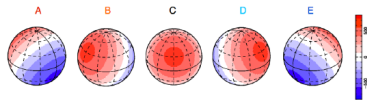
- Radial velocities
 - Activity jitter
 - Direct observation of exoplanets' atmospheres
- Stellar parameters
- Circumstellar environments
- Earth atmosphere



Cruz & Reid (2002)

...and much more

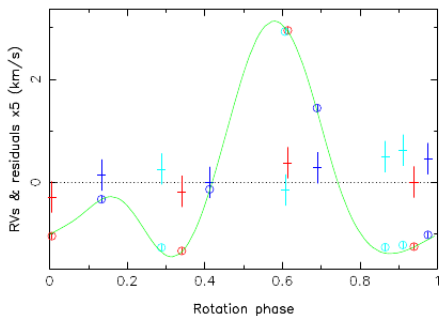
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E. Hébrard et al. (2014)

...and much more

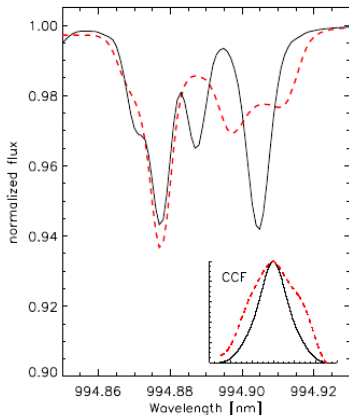
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Donati et al. (2015)

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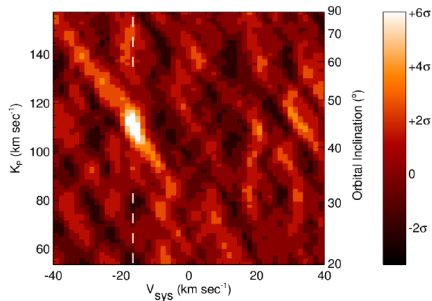
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Reiners et al. (2013)

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CO CCF of τ Boo *Snellen et al. (2012)*

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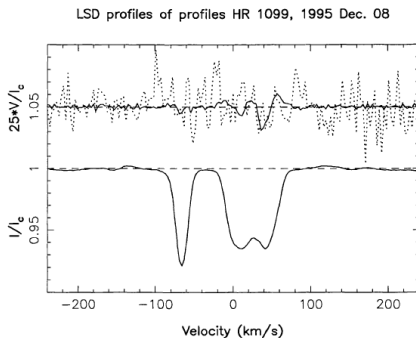
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- Spectral line lists
- Molecules/molecular bands of interest

Spectral line lists (1/2)

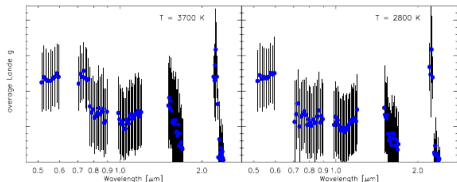
- Magnetometry: LSD
- RV: jitter filtering
- Stellar parameters
 - ➔ Accurate line parameters
 - positions
 - depths
 - Landé factors
- Present situation
 - Atomic lines only
 - Kurucz Atlas9 models
 - ➔ Limitations at low T_{eff}
 - ➔ $T_{\text{eff}_{\text{min}}} = 3500 \text{ K}$



LSD Donati et al. (1997)

Spectral line lists (1/2)

- Magnetometry: LSD
- RV: jitter filtering
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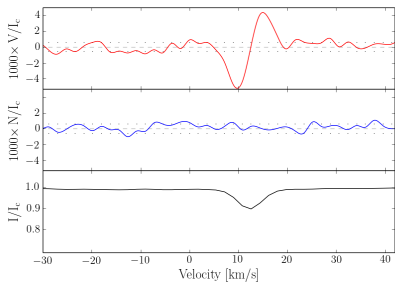
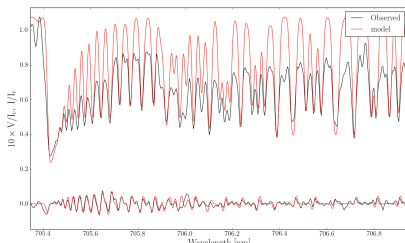
Landé factors *Reiners et al. (2013)*

- Present situation
 - Atomic lines only
 - Kurucz Atlas9 models
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 - ➔ $T_{\text{eff, min}} = 3500 \text{ K}$

Spectral line lists (2/2)

■ Aims for SPIRou

- model atmospheres for M dwarfs
 - Montpellier VALD mirror
 - Tests on MARCS models
 - PHOENIX for reference line lists
- Molecular lines
 - Compile existing data
 - LSD tests
 - ➔ TiO, FeH
 - Additional data
 - ➔ exp: P. Crozet et al.
 - ➔ FeH, NiH, CrH
 - ➔ high-J extrapolation
 - Identify best nIR molec/bands
 - Extend methodology

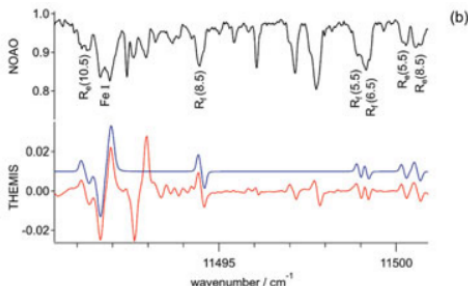


AD Leo: TiO *B. Tessore & Th. Masseron*

Spectral line lists (2/2)

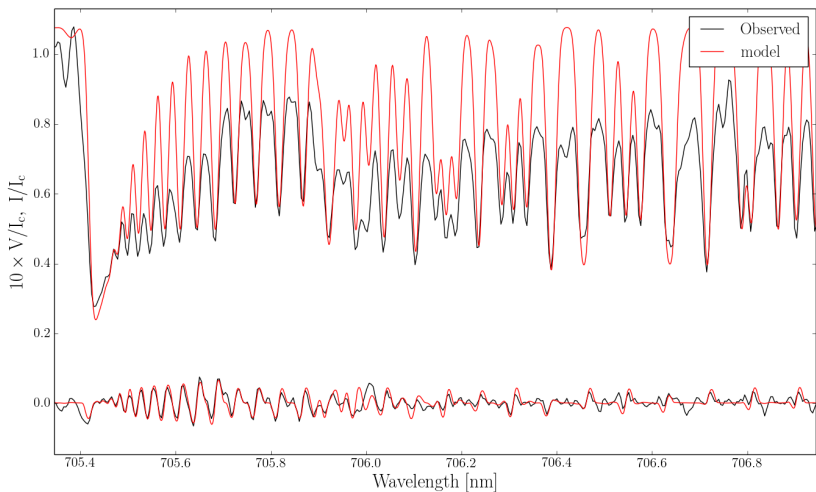
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Sunspot: FeH Crozet et al. (2014)

Spectral line lists (2/2)



Molecules/molecular bands of interest

■ FeH

- many studies + actual applications to M dwarfs (*Shulyak et al. 2010*)
- difficult to address theoretically
- 0.99 μm and 1.58–1.66 μm bands

■ TiO

- ubiquitous at visible wavelengths
- ongoing work on 705 nm band

■ CaH, CrH, MgH, OH

- some studied/mentioned in *Berdyugina (2002)*
- large Stokes V amplitudes for CaH

■ CO

- already accurate positions, $g_{\text{eff}} = 0$ (radial velocities)

■ CH, CN, C₂

- ubiquitous in carbon-rich evolved stars (+ carbon dwarfs)